

# The interactions between social media and science in societal debates

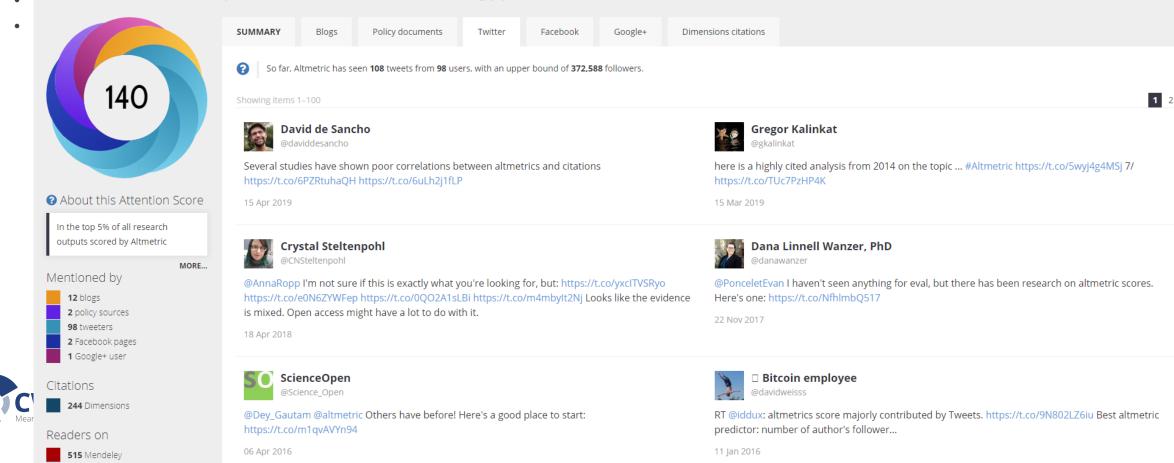
Who are the Guardians of Truth and Integrity? BHAVI 2022-10 Symposium

Vincent Traag, Senior Researcher Centre for Science and Technology Studies (CWTS), Leiden University

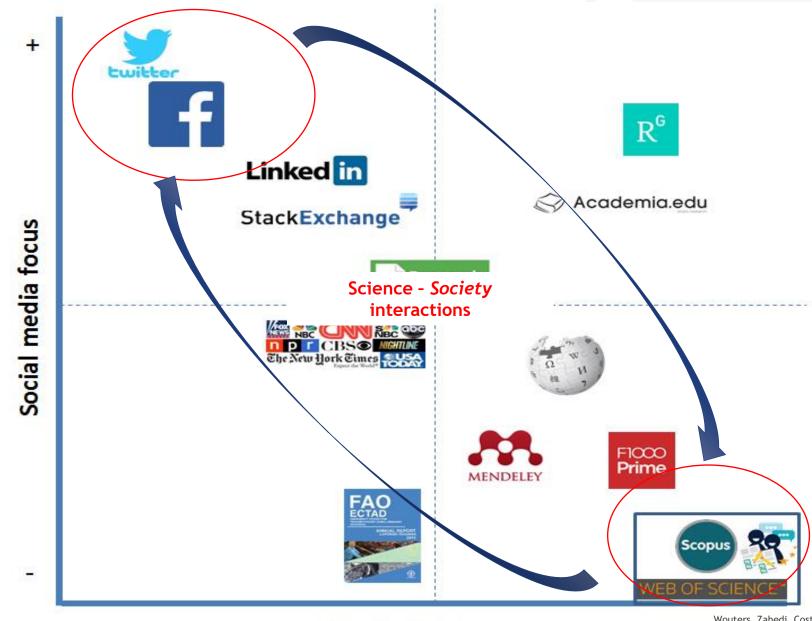


## Science and society

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  - Ho
     Do "altmetrics" correlate with citations? Extensive comparison of altmetric indicators with citations from a
     On
     multidisciplinary perspective
  - Overview of attention for article published in Journal of the Association for Information Science and Technology, July 2014



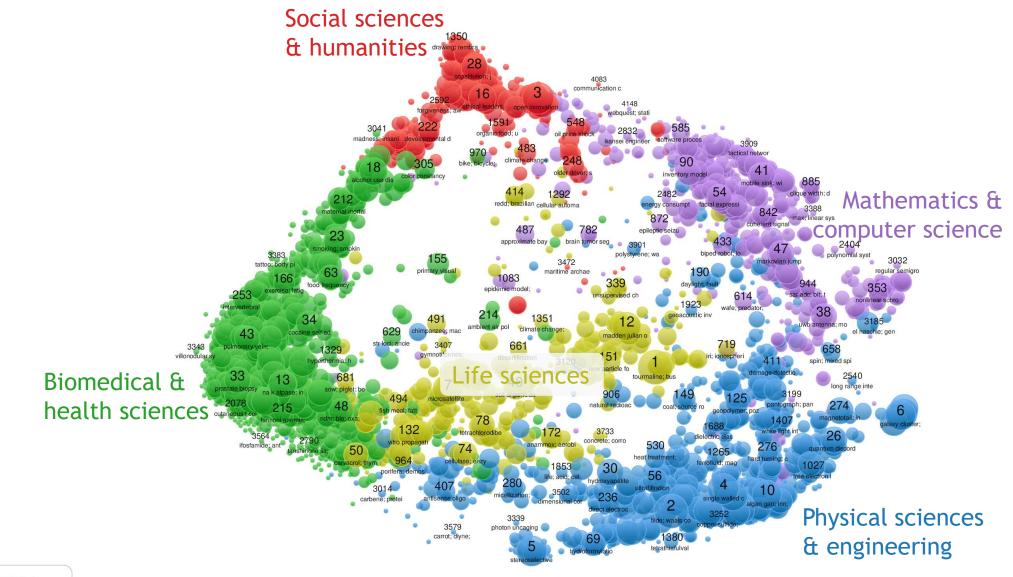
### What are altmetrics? "Bridging worlds"



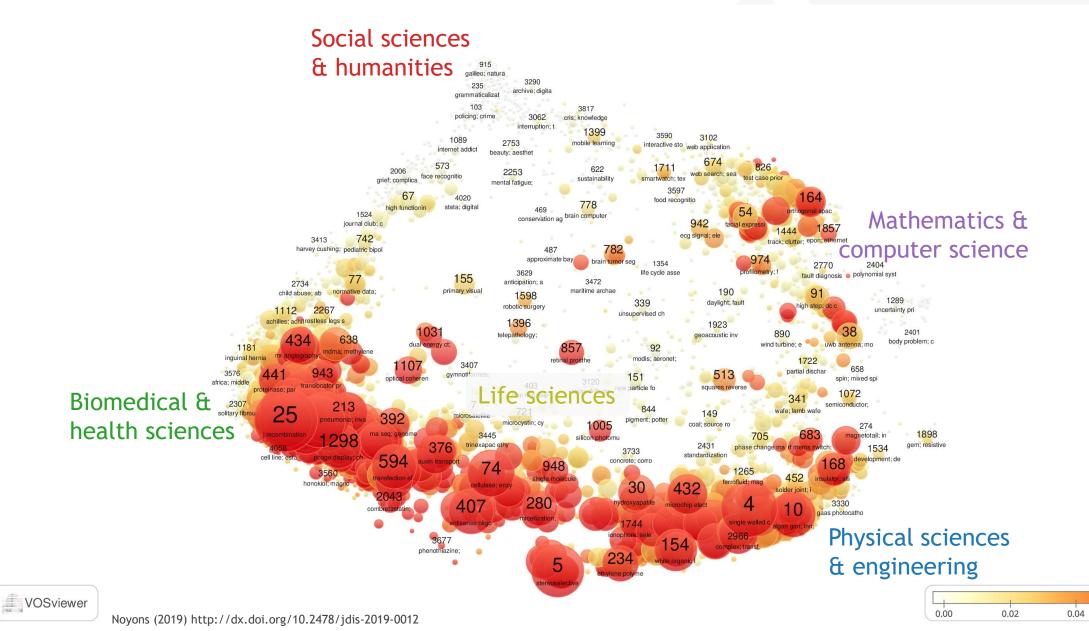
Scholarly focus



### Science landscape (Web of Science)

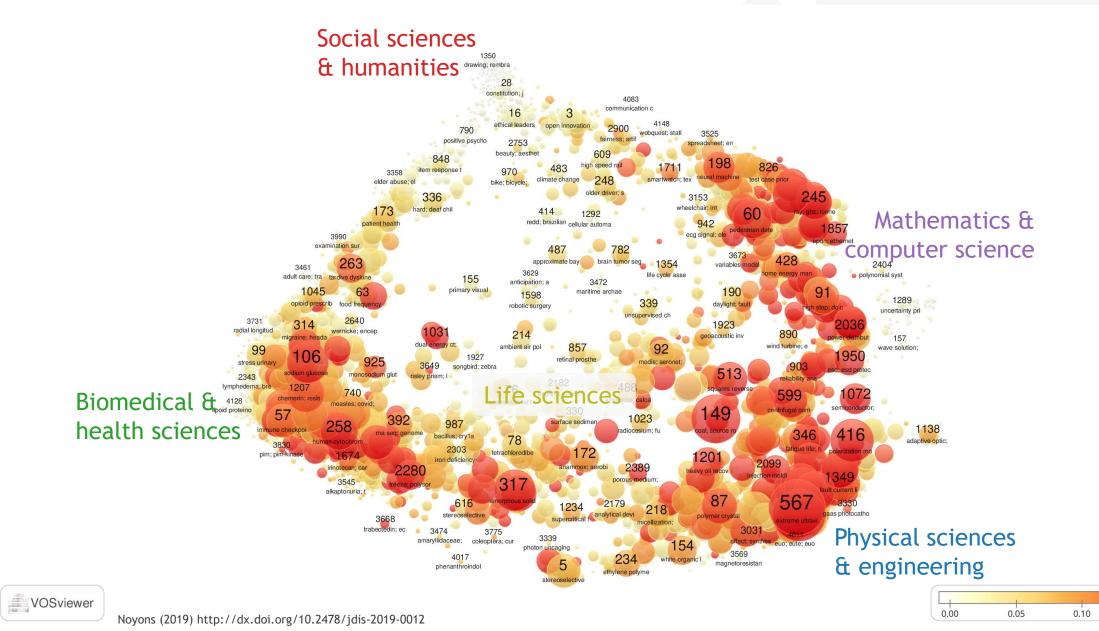


### Science landscape (patent citations)



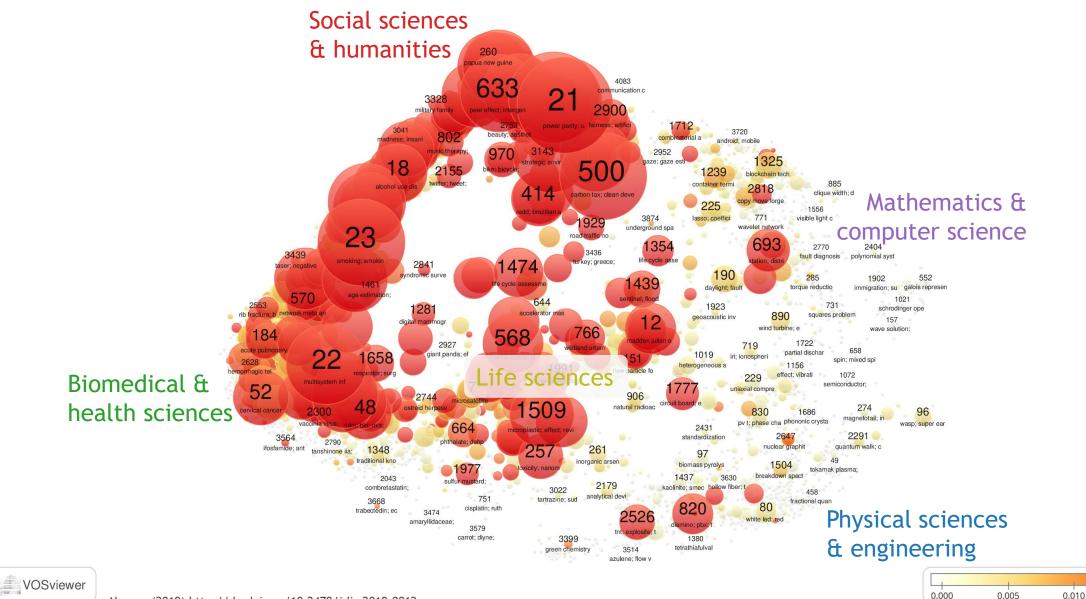
0.06

### Science landscape (industry collaborations)



0.15

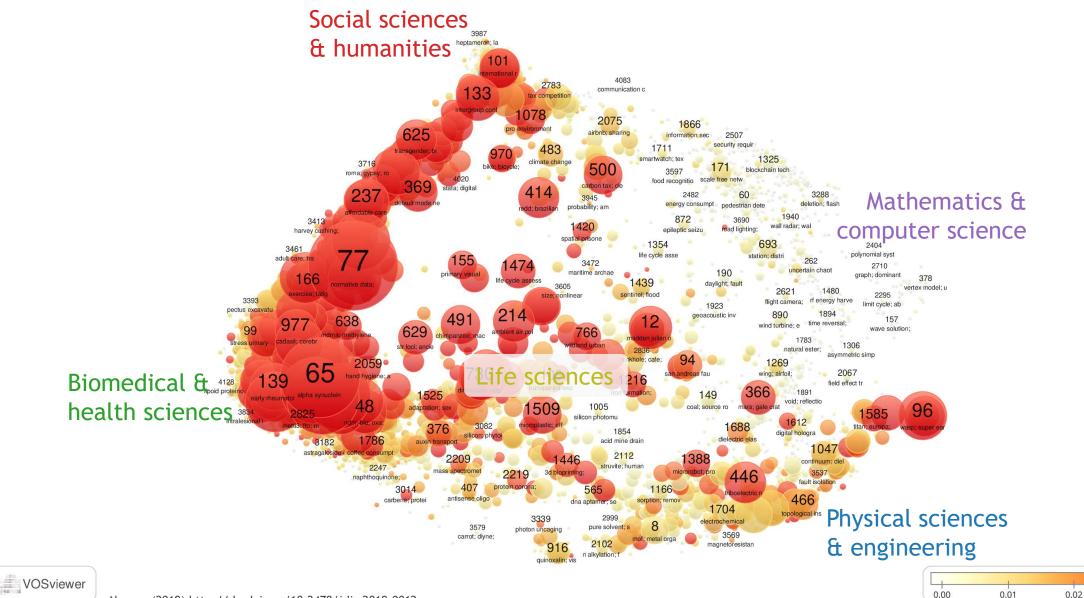
### Science landscape (policy mentions)



0.015

Noyons (2019) http://dx.doi.org/10.2478/jdis-2019-0012

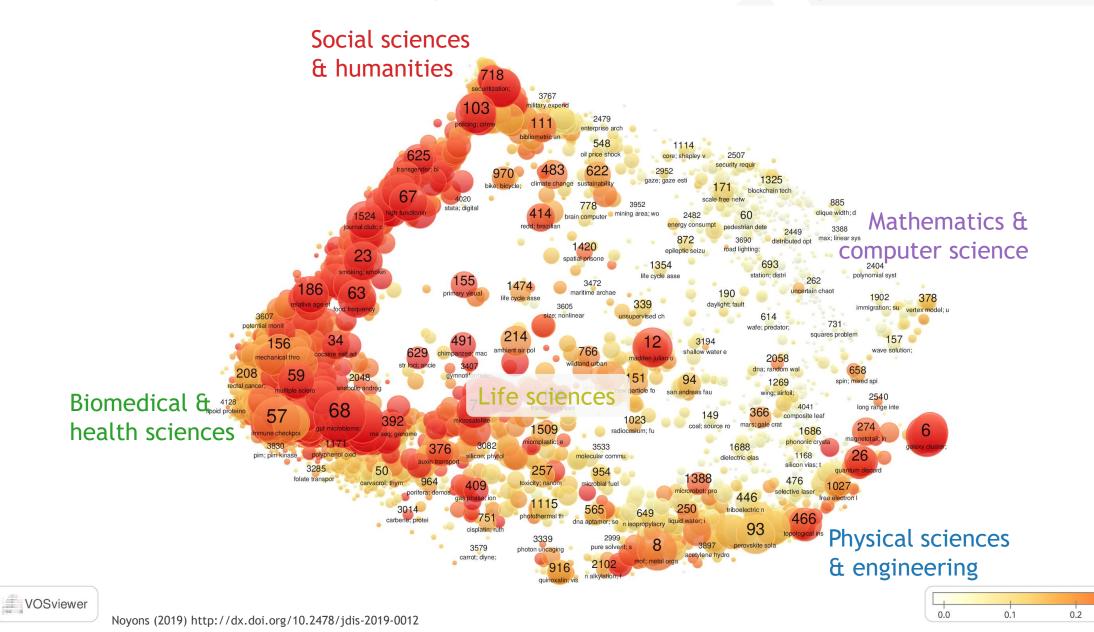
### Science landscape (news mentions)



0.03

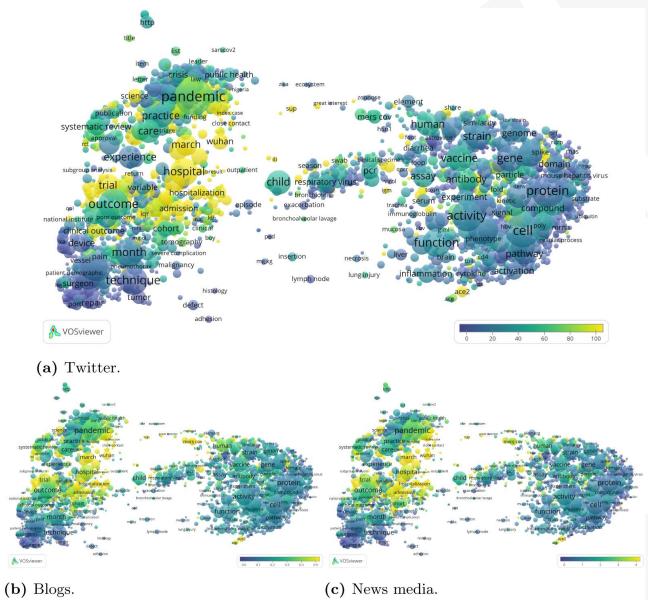
Noyons (2019) http://dx.doi.org/10.2478/jdis-2019-0012

### Science landscape (twitter mentions)



0.3

### **Altmetrics in COVID19 literature**

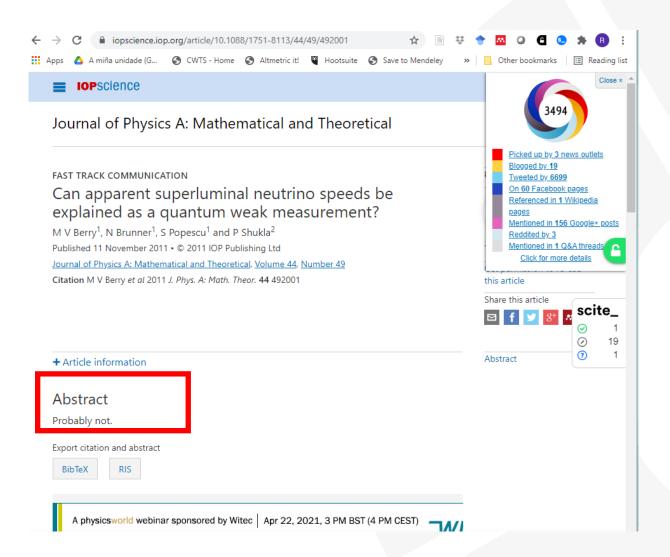


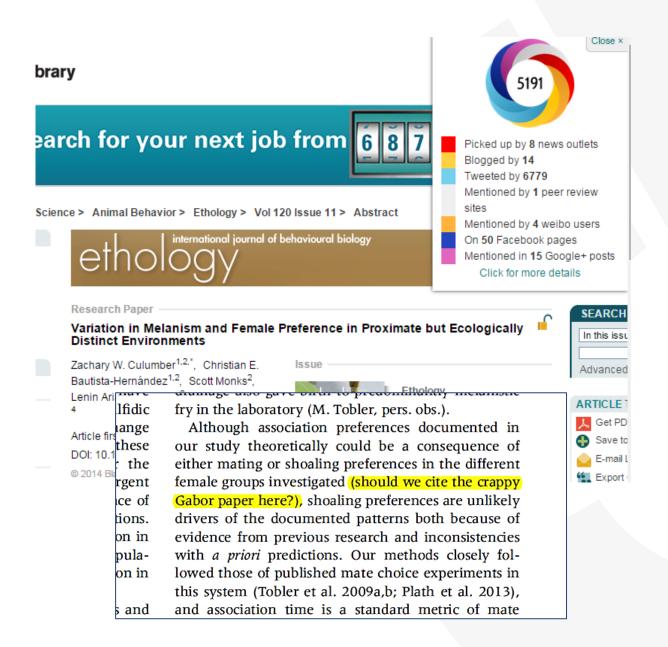


### Do they correlate?

1.0		СТ	MR	τw	FB	NS	BL	RD	WK	FP	VD	PD	PR	QA		1.0	
1.0	ст		0.653	0.218	0.084	0.346	0.222	0.281	0.123	0.321	0.222	-0.023	0.271	0.112	ст	1.0	
	MR	0.593		0.281	0.175	0.384	0.35	0.289	0.184	0.207	0.269	0.249	0.338	0.151	MR	٨٨	ain observations:
0.8	тw	0.2	0.613		0.884	0.826	0.804	0.697	0.656	0.649	0.57	0.51	0.494	0.312	тw	0.8	Weak positive
	FB	0.273	0.505	0.715		0.808	0.792	0.661	0.647	0.617	0.615	0.541	0.463	0.25	FB		correlations with citations (except MR)
0.6	NS	0.307	0.457	0.56	0.574		0.843	0.742	0.647	0.612	0.672	0.516	0.513	0.323	NS	0.6 •	Strong correlations
	BL	0.337	0.448	0.53	0.548	0.681		0.695	0.691	0.475	0.602	0.499	0.43	0.343	BL		among social media platforms (TW, FB, NS,
	RD	0.329	0.498	0.573	0.555	0.512	0.558		0.591	0.505	0.644	0.402	0.486	0.371	RD		BL, RD)
0.4	wκ	0.214	0.273	0.369	0.334	0.302	0.331	0.386		0.469	0.498	0.314	0.329	0.263	wк	0.4 •	Overall, 2 dimensions of indicators:
	FP	0.418	0.515	0.51	0.509	0.382	0.318	0.373	0.246		0.439	0.375	0.48	0.185	FP		CT & MR - academic impact
0.2	VD	0.319	0.468	0.491	0.576	0.488	0.495	0.542	0.345	0.39		0.358	0.431	0.361	VD	0.2	<ul> <li>TW (&amp; social media metrics) - social media</li> </ul>
	PD	0.237	0.565	0.519	0.416	0.373	0.34	0.435	0.266	0.392	0.397		0.388	0.143	PD		impact
0.0	PR	0.421	0.478	0.298	0.327	0.305	0.293	0.362	0.191	0.407	0.378	0.385		0.219	PR	0.0	
	QA	0.257	0.286	0.327	0.305	0.31	0.362	0.395	0.254	0.19	0.394	0.239	0.235		QA	0.0	
		СТ	MR	TW	FB	NS	BL	RD	WK	FP	VD	PD	PR	QA			

### What else? The funny things...





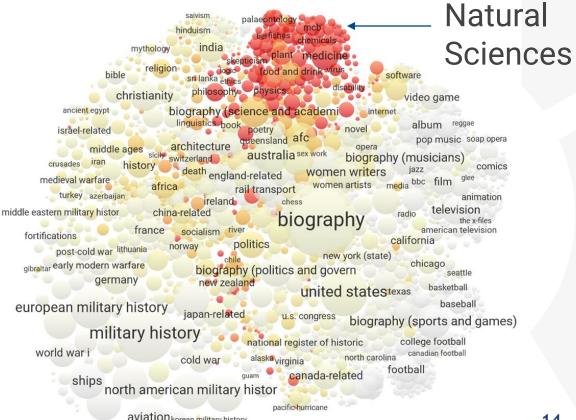
### Use of science in Wikipedia

#### Thematic landscape

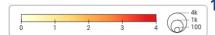
ancient eq england-rela rail transpor reland middle easte biograph (politics and govern united statestexas european military history biography (sports and games) military history world war cold war north american military histo

aviation korean military history

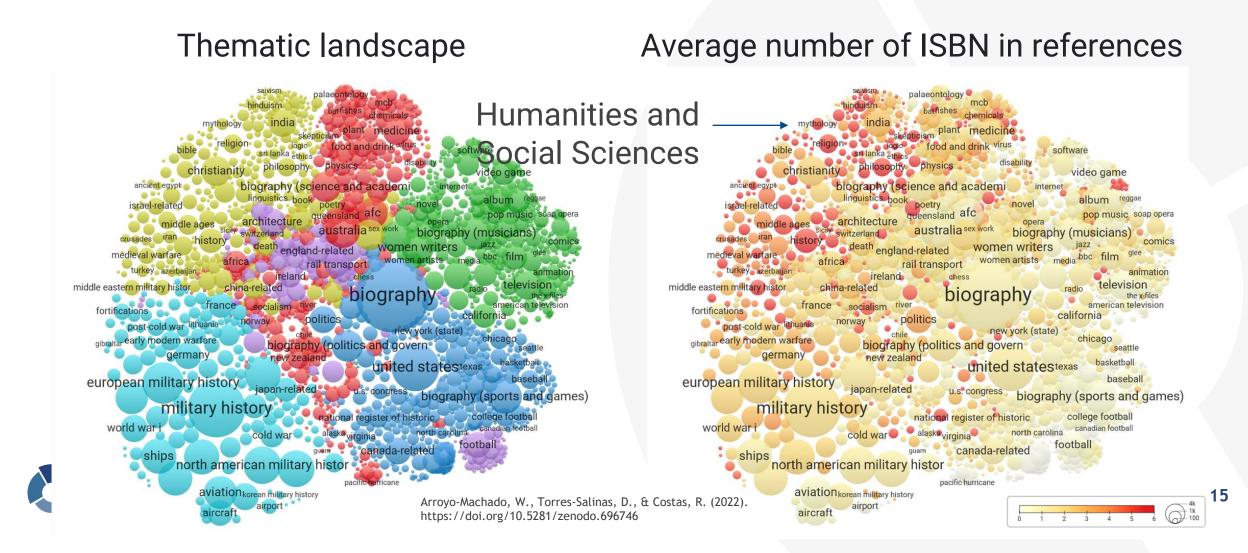
#### Average number of DOI in references



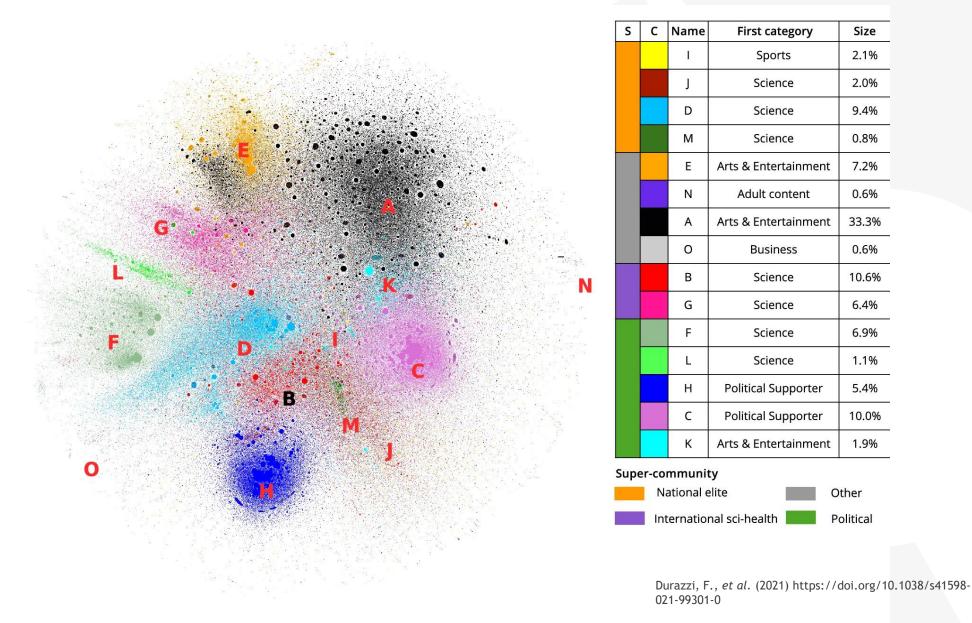
Arroyo-Machado, W., Torres-Salinas, D., & Costas, R. (2022). https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.696746 aviation korean military history aircraft



### Use of science in Wikipedia

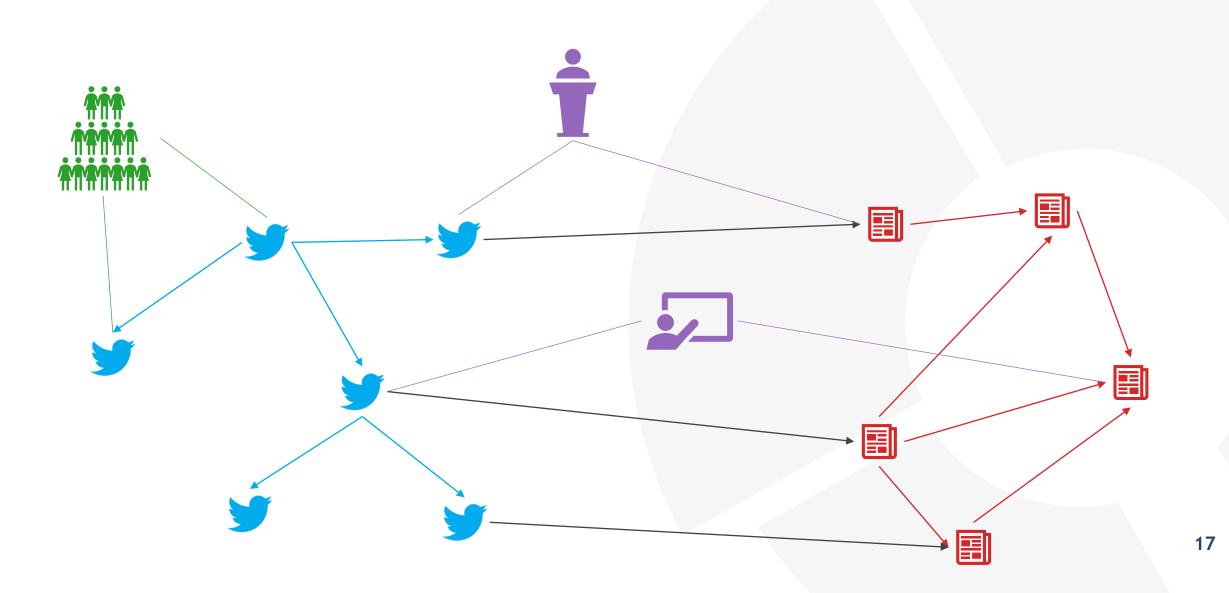


### Science in Twitter debate on COVID19



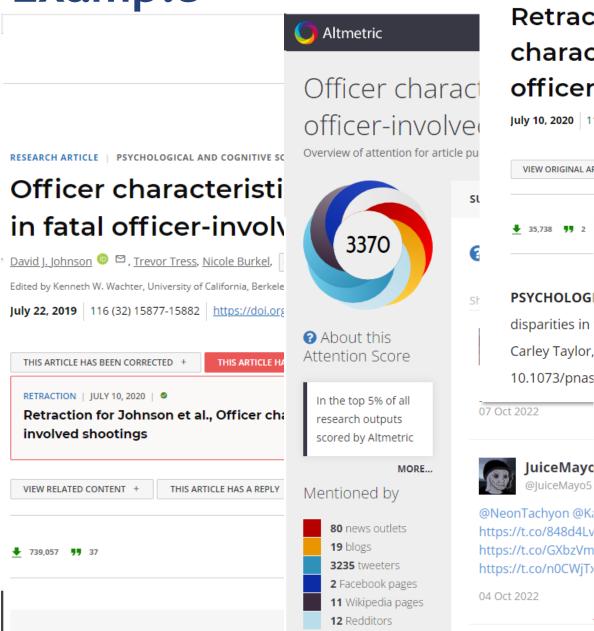
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# Towards the full picture



### Example

Cignificance



1 O&A thread

#### RETRACTION | 🥝

### Retraction for Johnson et al., Officer characteristics and racial disparities in fatal officer-involved shootings

July 10, 2020 117 (30) 18130 https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.2014148117

#### VIEW ORIGINAL ARTICLE +

- The authors wish to note the following: "Our article estimated the role of officer characteristics 🕹 35,738 **99** 2 in predicting the race of civilians fatally shot by police. A critique pointed out we had erroneously made statements about racial differences in the probability of being shot (1), and PSYCHOLOG we issued a correction to rectify the statement (2). disparities in
- Despite this correction, our work has continued to be cited as providing support for the idea Carley Taylor, that there are no racial biases in fatal shootings, or policing in general. To be clear, our work 10.1073/pnas loes not speak to these issues and should not be used to support such statements. We take full responsibility for not being careful enough with the inferences made in our original report, as this directly led to the misunderstanding of our research. JuiceMayo

@JuiceMayo5 While our data and statistical approach were appropriate for investigating whether officer @NeonTachyon @Ka characteristics are related to the race of civilians fatally shot by police, they are inadequate to https://t.co/848d4Lv address racial disparities in the probability of being shot. https://t.co/GXbzVm

> Given these issues and the continued use of our work in the public debate on this topic, we have decided to retract the article."

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## **Possible research questions**

- How are scientific publications used in societal debates and how does their usage differ across "sides" in societal debates?
- Do scientific publications contribute to social media "echo chambers"?
- Are different "sides" of a societal debate also reflected in debates in the scientific literature?
- Do scientists engage in societal debates, and what role do their publications play?
- Does the scientific literature play a role in exacerbating societal polarisation, or does it diminish it?
- Does opening up the scientific literature risk easier misuse of scientific evidence, and thereby increase societal polarisation? Or does it lead to an open common base of evidence, thereby converging different sides of a debate?
- Is there a "medialisation" of science, in which scientific facts are misinterpreted or exaggerated to attract media attention



### Suggestions, comments or questions?

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